DRUG AND ALCOHOL ABUSE PREVENTION and EDUCATION (599)

In recognition of its responsibility as an employer and as an institution of career education, which promotes a productive learning and work environment, EOCTC is committed to social justice and the well-being of the total community, as indicated by its educational offerings and open-door policy.

The maintenance of a drug-free campus is part of this commitment. The drug-free policy is designed to provide a drug-free environment for students and employees wherein intellectual, physical, and social activities may occur. The long-term, well-being of students and employees is the objective of the policy. This program is adopted to and in compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989.

EOCTC prohibits the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol or controlled substances by any students or employees on its property or as part of any of its activities except as they may be prescribed by a qualified physician or other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute, dispense, or administer a controlled substance to treat an individual's physical or mental condition. Controlled substances are listed in Schedules I through V of Section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act found in 21 U.S.G.S. 812 and as further defined by regulations found at CFR 1300.11 through 1300.15.

Drug-Free Policy

The illegal manufacture, distribution, possession, or use of illicit drugs or alcohol by students or employees on the campus of EOCTC or anywhere else as any part of the Technology Center activities is strictly forbidden. Employees are forbidden to perform safety-sensitive, security-sensitive, or image-sensitive functions for EOCTC while a prohibited drug is in his/her system or possession.

A referral service for drug or alcohol counseling and treatment is available to students and employees through Student Services. Treatment and rehabilitation programs will be conducted at the direction and the expense of the student or employee; however, sick leave or other appropriate benefits as identified in the Student Handbook and Employee Policy and Procedures Handbook may be available for treatment or rehabilitation services. Satisfactory completion of a treatment or rehabilitation program may entitle the student or employee to re-entry to a campus program of study or employment.

Drug testing of safety-sensitive and security-sensitive employees will be conducted prior to employment and before returning to duty after refusing to take a drug test or after not passing a drug test. (Safety-sensitive employees are defined in CFR Vol. 32, Part 280 and CFR Vol. 49, Part 653. This legislation is available for review in the Business Office.)

Employees and students are required to abide by the terms of this policy as a condition of employment or matriculation. Employees and students will receive notification annually of the EOCTC policy, applicable legal sanctions, and a description of the health risks associated with the use of illicit drugs and the abuse of alcohol.

EOCTC Sanctions

Disciplinary sanctions for violations of the standards of conduct required by this policy will be imposed on students and employees as identified in the Student Handbook (for students) and the Employee Policy and Procedures Handbook. Courts do not excuse individuals convicted of these offenses from a prison sentence to go to college or work. A conviction for such an offense could seriously affect one's record and prevent entry into many careers. EOCTC requires students and employees to abide by the terms of this policy.

A violation of the drug-free policy will be considered a program offense which can result in immediate dismissal of an employee or expulsion of a student. Employees may be required to demonstrate satisfactory participation in a drug rehabilitation program. A criminal conviction is not required for sanctions to be imposed upon an employee or student for violations of this policy.

An employee must notify his/her supervisor in writing of a criminal conviction of a drug-related or alcohol-related offense occurring in the workplace no later than five calendar days following the conviction.

Legal Sanctions

Local, state, and federal laws provide for a variety of legal sanctions for the unlawful possession and distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol. These sanctions include, but are not limited to, incarceration and monetary fines.

The Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as amended and adopted by the United States Congress, provides penalties including imprisonment ranging up to life in prison, fines up to four million dollars, and forfeiture of property for the unlawful possession or distribution of controlled substances.

Oklahoma law provides that any person convicted of distributing, dispensing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance or a counterfeit substance shall be guilty of a felony and may be imprisoned up to 20 years and fined up to \$100,000 depending on the type of controlled substance involved. Subsequent convictions shall be punishable by twice the imprisonment and info otherwise authorized.

EOCTC cooperates with all police authorities and may employ all methods of drug detection available to eliminate illegal trafficking and use of controlled substances. Enforcement agencies may be enlisted to thwart illegal drug activity by the use of agent investigations, canine (dog) searches, and sophisticated means of electronic surveillance, photography and recording.

County and city laws are similar to federal and state laws. If drugs are involved, the city will most likely defer to the state or federal authorities because their penalties are more severe. If alcohol is involved, you may be convicted of violating both local and state law and punished according to both laws.

Drug and Alcohol Prevention and Abuse Education

You hear about drugs on TV and in the movies, on the radio, in books and magazines, on the Internet, and in daily conversation with friends and peers. Some of the information is accurate, but a lot of it is not.

Here are a few realities to consider:

- You can't predict the effect that a drug can have on you—especially if it's the first time you try it, and even if
 it's a small amount or dose. Everyone's brain and body chemistry are different. Everyone's tolerance for drugs
 is different.
- Using drugs can lead to abuse, addiction, serious health problems, and even death.
- Drugs that are legal—prescription and over-the counter (OTC) medications—can be just as dangerous as illegal drugs.

Find out as much as you can about illegal and legal drugs and their effects on your body and brain. The more informed you are, the more confidently you can make the right decision about drugs. Read DEA's Drug Fact Sheets for the latest information on the following substances:

NARCOTICS:	HALLUCINOGENS:
 Fentanyl Overview Heroin Hydromorphone Methadone Morphine Opium Oxycodone 	 Ecstasy/MDMA Ketamine LSD Peyote & Mescaline Psilocybin Marijuana/Cannabis Marijuana Concentrates Steroids Inhalants
STIMULANTS: • Amphetamines • Cocaine • Khat • Methamphetamine	DRUGS OF CONCERN: • DXM • Kratom • Salvia Divinorum
DEPRESSANTS:	 DESIGNER DRUGS: Bath Salts or Designer Cathinones K2/Spice Synthetic Opioids

EOCTC does not sponsor any drug or alcohol counseling, treatment or rehabilitation or re-entry programs. The closest community agency is the Tri-City Youth & Family Center, Inc. located at 14625 NE 23rd Street, Choctaw, OK, 73020, 405-390-8131. Tri-City specializes in Substance Abuse Treatment. Students and employees may also refer to the

following resources:

- GetSmartAboutDrugs.com
- <u>JustThinkTwice.com</u>
- National Council on Alcoholism and Drug Dependence, Inc. (NCAD)
- Telephone:1-800-NCA-CALL (622-2255)
- Website: https://ncadd.org/
- Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)
- Telephone: 1-800-662-HELP (4357)
- Website: http://www.samhsa.gov/
- Treatment Finder: https://findtreatment.samhsa.gov/
- National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA)
- Telephone: 1-800-662-HELP (4357)
- Website: http://www.niaaa.nih.gov
- Treatment Finder: http://www.niaaa.nih.gov/alcohol-health/support-treatment
- National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA)
- Telephone: 1-800-662-HELP (4357)
- Website: http://www.drugabuse.gov/
- Alcoholics Anonymous (AA)
- Telephone: see local telephone directories
- Website: http://www.aa.org/
- Al-Anon
- Telephone:1-888-425-2666
- National Cocaine Hotline
- Telephone:1-800- COCAINE (262-2463)